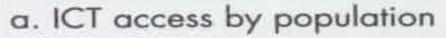
Managing, Measuring and Maximising the Intellectual Capital of IOS in Digital Environment

Dr. Tariq Ashraf University of Delhi South Campus tariq@south.du.ac.in

AGENDA

- Digital Environment
- Research & Innovation
- Measuring Research
- Intellectual Capital of IOS



Total global population

~7.4 billion

Within mobile coverage **7** billion

Mobile phones

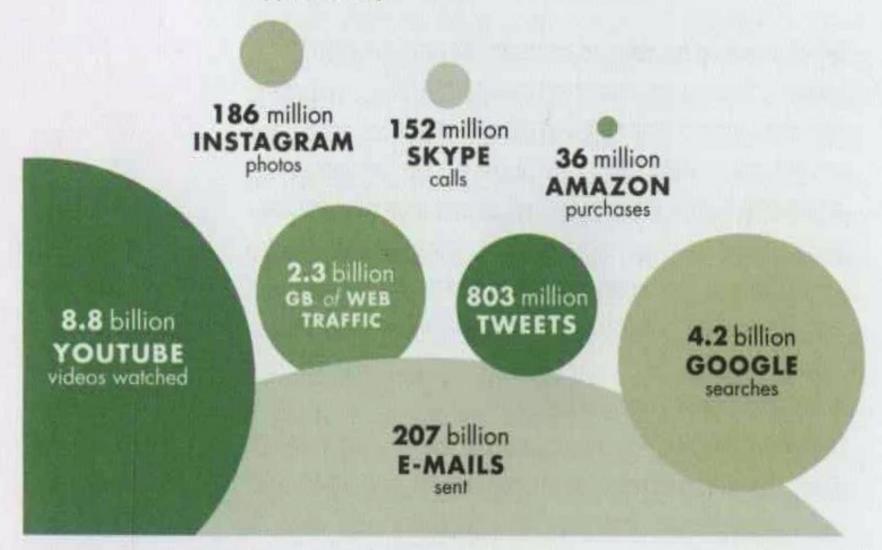
5.2 billion

Total internet users 3.2 billion

High-speed internet

1.1 billion

b. A typical day in the life of the internet



Sources: World Development Indicators (World Bank, various years); WDR 2016 team; http://www.internetlivestats.com/one-second/ (as compiled on April 4, 2015). Data at http://bit.do/WDR2016-FigO_4.

Note: In panel a, for some years data for electricity are interpolated from available data. GB = gigabytes.

Transformational Change in the Information Landscape

- Meteoric rise of Information Alternatives
- Massive Digitisation-MOOCS-WDL-IDL
- E-book Adoption Reaching a Tipping Point-More sale on Amazon
- Google's mission is to organize the world's information and make it universally accessible and useful

The Thousand-Year Plan

Academic Libraries Will Never Beat Google

University of Michigan Estimated time to scan all of their 7 M volumes= 1,000 years Actual time for Google to scan 7 M volumes= 6 years

Size Doesn't Matter

Librarians Struggling to Define Appropriate Performance Metrics

Traditional Metrics Measure Inputs and Size

- Libraries can no longer demonstrate their educational and scholarly impact via traditional measures such as the number of volumes and serial titles held, expenditures on monographs and staff,
- Gate count, and reference requests. New measures of success (still under development) will emphasize
- Impact on student learning outcomes, retention and graduation rates, faculty research productivity, and teaching support.

Evolving Metrics Aligned With Value, but Hard to Quantify

- Impact on student enrollment, retention, and
- graduation rates
- Impact on student learning
- Contribution to faculty research productivity
- Impact on faculty grant proposals and funding
- Support of faculty teaching

With Us or Without Us

Many Predict Libraries Will Be the Next Media Outlet to Be Dis-intermediated

- Local Physical Distribution Models Displaced
 - by Remote and Fully Digital Approaches.
- Convergent Media Services (music, video, books)

Need to embrace a model that ensures access to (from several sources)—not necessarily ownership

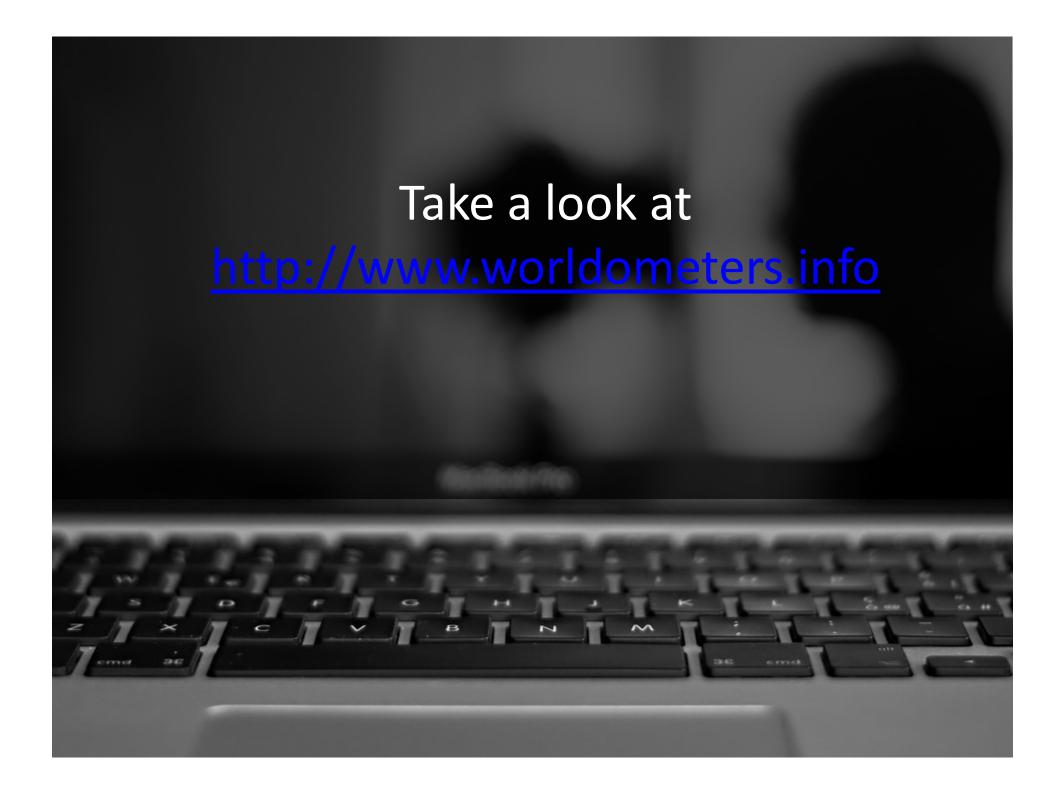
Local Print Collections Are Large, Expensive, and m Rarely Used, hence

- Leverage Data on Usage, Electronic Access, and Local Holdings to Prioritize Local Collections;
- Avoid Unnecessary Duplication Through Collaborative Storage and Acquisition Plans

New Library Services

- Onsite Services
- Teaching and Learning
- Collaborative Study
- 24/7 Access
- Tutoring/ Use of Social Media
- Café
- Instructional Support
- Multimedia Production Support
- Instructional Design
- Information Literacy

- Web Services
- Databases Search
- Chat Reference
- Mobile Access
- Research Support
- Copyright Advising
- Publication Support
- Data Curation



Changing Role of Research

Research & Innovation

- Knowledge Economy
- Ideas : Fuelling Growth
- Competitive Advantage/Branding/Ranking/Funding
- Publishing Quantity Vs Quality/Impact
- Managing & Maximising Research Impact

, , ,

● Secure https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_countries_by_research_and_development_spending

Wikipedia store	9
Interaction	

Help About Wikipedia

Community portal Recent changes

Contact page

Tools

What links here Related changes

Upload file

Special pages Permanent link

Page information

Wikidata item

Cite this page

Print/export

Create a book

Download as PDF

Printable version

Languages

العربية

0

Español 日本語

தமிழ்

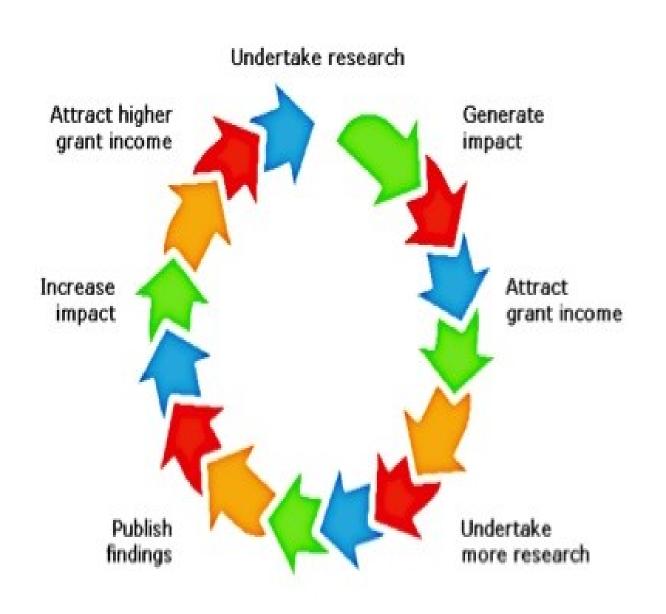
اردو Tiếng Việt 中文

Rank +	Country/Region	Country/Region		Expenditures on R&D per capita (US\$ PPP),	Year ♦	Source +
1	United States	473.4	2.742%	1,442.51	2013	[2]
2	China	409	2.1%	298.56	2015	[3]
_	European Union	388.3	2.03%	764.3	2014	[4]
3	Japan	179.8	3.584%	1413.9	2014	[4]
4	Germany	109.4	2.869%	1351.1	2014	[4]
5	South Korea	91.6	4.292%	1,518.47	2014	[2]
6	India	66.5	0.85%	39.37	2015	[5]
7	France	60.0	2.256%	905.8	2014	[4]
8	United Kingdom	44.8	1.701%	692.9	2014	[4]
9	Russia	42.6	1.187%	290.21	2014	[2]
10	Canada	25.7	1.612%	723.5	2014	[4]
11	Brazil	35.4	1.15%	177.89	2012	[6]
12	[Italy	27.4	1.287%	452.14	2014	[2]
13	Taiwan	32.4	3.006%	1,383.84	2014	[2]
14	Spain	19.2	1.222%	413.46	2014	[2]
15	Australia Australia	23.3	2.12%	986.86	2014	[7]
16	Sweden	14.2	3.161%	1468.1	2014	[4]
17	Netherlands	16.3	1.973%	967.8	2014	[4]
18	[] Israel	11.2	4.109%	1,361.56	2014	[2]
19	Austria	10.9	3%	1,416.14	2015	[2]
20	Switzerland	13.1	2.967%	1,647.90	2012	[2]
21	Turkey	15.3	1.007%	198.36	2014	[2]
22	Belgium	12.4	2.465%	1102.9	2014	[4]
23	Mexico	9.0	0.941%	237.57	2014	[2]
24	Poland	11.6	1.004%	301.06	2014	[2]
05	Olympian and	40.0	0.4000/	1001.7	0044	[4]

Research: Beyond Contributions to Academia

- Not meant for shelving alone
- Research impact is the demonstrable contribution that it makes to the economy, society, culture, national security, public policy or services, health, the environment, or quality of life, beyond contributions to academia

Publishing research and generating research impact secures funding for the growth of the university and future research initiatives.



Measuring Research

Emerging Research Narrative

- Peer review
- Citation analysis and metrics
- Esteem, influence, awards, prestige, broadcast media attention.
- Research income
- Public policy, commercial applications

A combination of indicators may be used to create a narrative impact statement.

Major Metrics: Research Impact

Publication count

Number of publications produced by individual, school or university

Citation count

Number of times publication is cited by other publications

Citation Analysis

Citation analysis is the examination of the frequency, patterns, and graphs of **citations** in articles and books. It uses **citations** in scholarly works to establish links to other works or other researchers.

Citation analysis is one of the most widely used methods of bibliometrics.

Citation Analysis: Applications

These have various applications,

- The identification of expert referees to review papers
- Grant proposals,
- Providing transparent data in support of academic merit review,
- Selection, Tenure, and promotion decisions.

Journal Ranking

- What is measured?
- "Quality" or "Importance" of journal relative to other journals
 - Usually within a given field of study
- There are many ways to measure "quality," "importance"

"Impact Factor"

- Journal Impact Factor (JIF)
- Basically "how fast are ideas spreading from this journal to other publications?"
- Formula is a ratio:

Number of citations to a journal in a given year from articles occurring in the past 2 years, divided by the number of scholarly articles published in the journal in the past 2 years

Journal Impact Factor (JIF)

- Average number of times articles published in journal in past 2 years have been cited in current year
- -Eg title with JIF of 1 in 2010 means that articles published in 2008 or 2009 have been cited on average once in 2010

Journal Impact Factor

Journal of Hypothetical Examples

100

Citing references appearing in 2010, to articles published in Journal in 2009 and 2008

200

Total number of articles in Journal published in 2009 and 2008

0.50

JIF

Key Tools: Journal Quality

- Journal Citation Reports
 - Produced using data from Science Citation Index
 and Social Sciences Citation Index
 - -Covers over 10,500 journals
 - -Reports from 2000 to 2010 are available

Individual & Institutional Ranking Major Metrics:

h-index

- Increasingly applied to Individual Scholars/institutions
- Largest number h, where a scholar has at least h of its articles cited at least h times
- Eg scholar has an h-index of 10 if 10 of its papers have
 each been cited at least 10 times

What is the *h*-Index?

 Performance measurement tool for scientific authors (similar idea to journal impact factors but for individuals)
 Established by Jorge Hirsch at UC San Diego

"A scientist has index h if h of his/her N_p papers have at least h citations each, and the other $(N_p - h)$ papers have no more than h citations each."

Source: Hirsch, J. E. (2005, September 29). An index to quantify an individual's scientific research output.

Retrieved from http://arxiv.org/abs/physics/0508025

H-index example

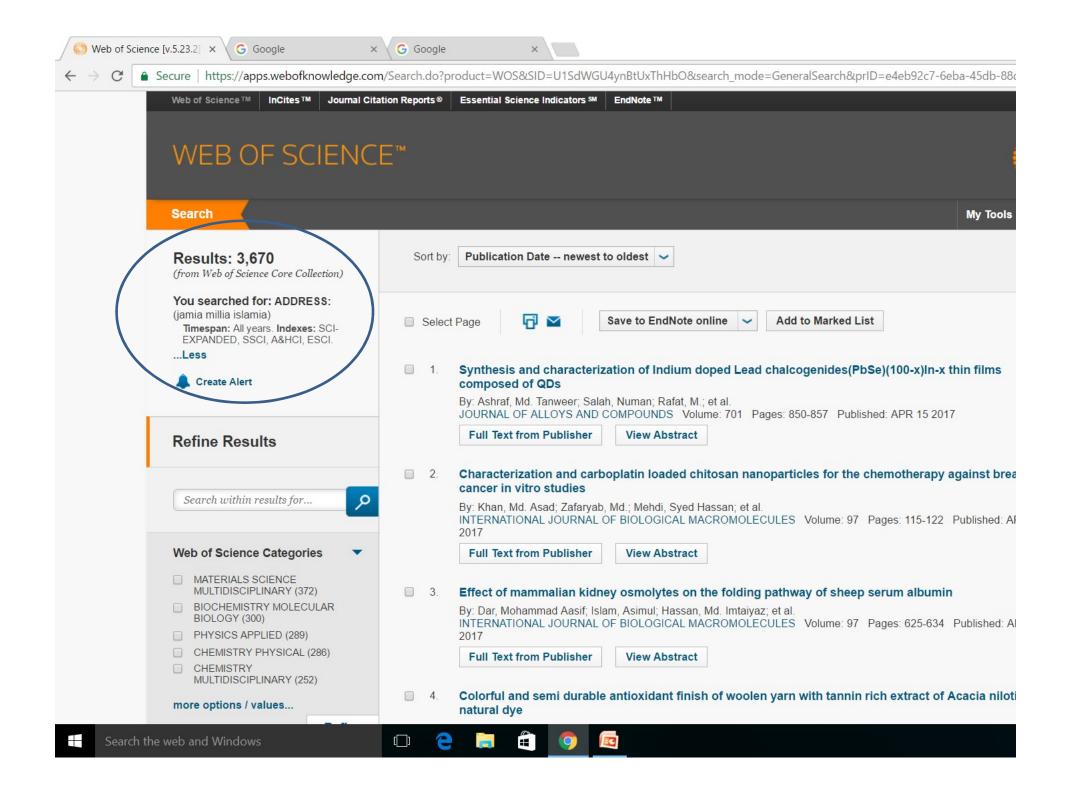
Author A

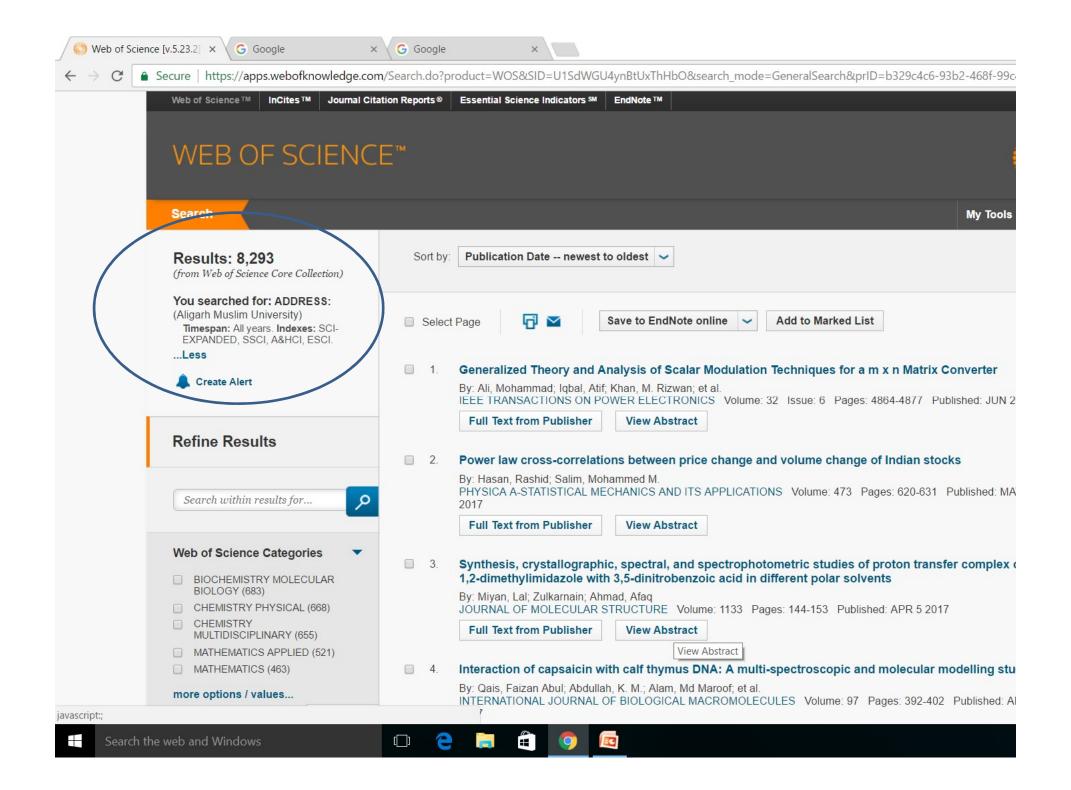
Doc	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Cit	55	45	20	10	5	4	3	2	1

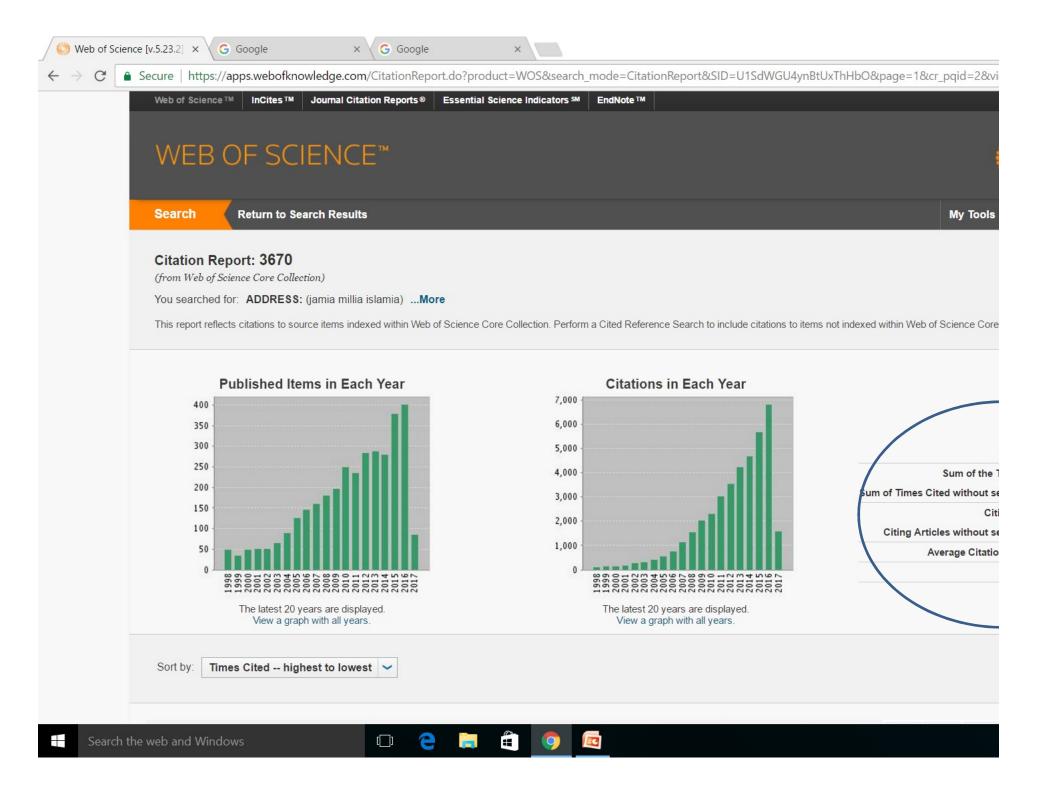
Au	thor B		-	
Doc	1	2	3	4
Cit	25	20	9	6

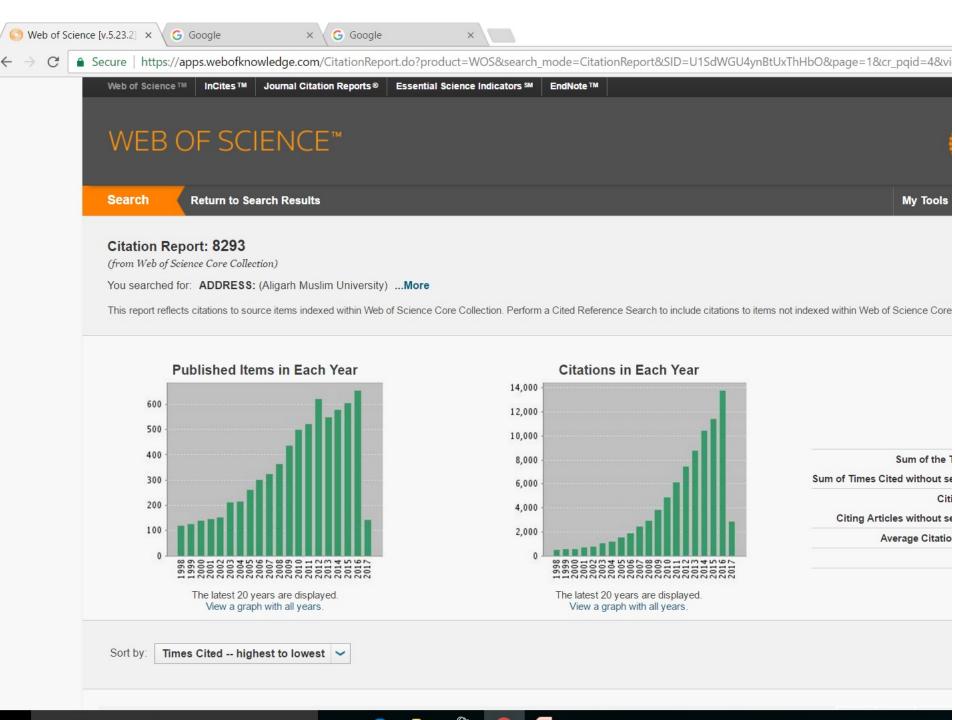
The *h*-index

- It could be used for an specific Author:
 - Evaluate the Research Performance of Author
- Or could be used for a group of Papers of an institution, department or journal which
 - Evaluate the Impact of the group of special papers









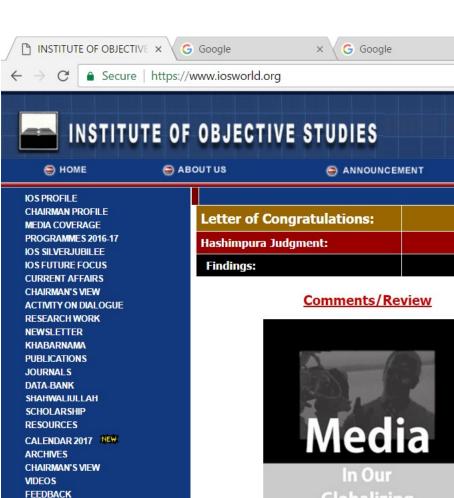








Maximising Intellectual Capital of IOS through Digital Means



INSTITUTE OF OBJECTIVE STUDIES, NEW DELHI

ARABIC

SITE MAP

GUEST BOOK

NGO IN CONSULTATIVE STATUS (ROS

His Excellency Mr. D

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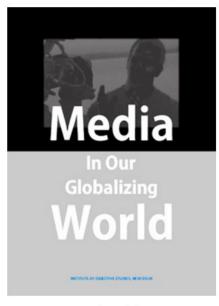
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About Media Volume

Preview Copy of Media in Our Globalizing World



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RESEARCH PROGRAMMES

Introduction

The Institute of Objective studies presents a compendium of research themes pertaining to some specific areas in social sciences and humanities. A compendium of this natu purposive research to be carried out with the help of appropriate skills. As, a follow-up action strategy, the scheme is taken up at two levels: (a) providing focus and perspe and parameters through identification of research themes and(b) evolving an appropriate methodology of research with an Islamic perspective. The Institute of objective st to carve out concrete plan of action at operational level in both of these areas. The said compendium reflects endeavor to achieve primarily the first objective. The w methodology is also in advanced stage. It is being handled separately . These efforts will provide practical guide lines to to mitigate a long standing crisis in thought and me Ummah in particular.

The preparation of compendium may be viewed in the context of providing a clear perspective and focus to conduct researchers to attract research in the field of Social research talent. The select themes are arranged according to disciplines and each discipline contains broadly four categories depicting themes concerning Islamic epis Ummah; national issues and finally the problem relating to humanity as a whole. These are at places, adjusted according to requirements of the discipline. Generally themes a so that the scholars may grasp the focus and meaning of the theme. The success of this effort requires a wide circulation of the compendium. The IOS is pursuing the taconcerning human, national and Ummatic problems are invited to provide helping hand for a wide circulation of the compendium. These themes are in a way setting the price being. The IOS linked the scheme of award of scholarships for Ph.D. and M.Phil.scholars of different universities in India with the themes, spelt out in the compendium. The considered for the award of scholaships. Senior academics in various disciplines may also be invited to work on specific themes as sponsored research projects duly approprojects may be invited from all categories of researchers for providing financial assistance to work on these themes. Ad-_hoc and partial grants may be given to exercise alone.

It would be not out of place here to mention that the Governing Council of the Institute of Objective Studies resolved to take up the project of preparation of the compendifinal form was approved by the Council on July 30,1994. During the period of almost one year, a number of meetings of the Conveners of subject committees, listing the conduct of two day workshop on the proposed themes and the format reflect the Quantum of effort in preparation of compendium.

- Project on Islamic Banking, Finance and Economics
- Letter to the Editor Financial Express
- Islamic Banking in India
- Islamic Finance in India
- Compendium of Research Themes

The following important projects are at various stages of completion and publication:

- Kalimatullahi Hiya Al-ulia (Allah ka Kalam hi Buland Hai)
- · Empowerment of Muslims in India
- Encyclopaedic Compendium of Muslim Communities in the World
- Role of Muslims in India's Freedom Struggle Movement (1857-1947)





IOS Publications

The Institute has brought out around 350 publications. Some important publications are as follows:

- · Media in our Globalising World.
- · Hindu Tolerance: Myth and Truth.
- · Waqf Laws and Management.
- · Access to Urban Basic Services in the Muslim Localities of Delhi.
- · Kaargahe Hayaat mein Khwateen ki Shirkat.
- Insurance Ek Sharaee Mutaaleya.
- Sarbulandi ka Daawati Dastoor.
- Tadabbur Quran ke Usool wa Masaael.
- Deeni Taleem Islaah wa Jamood ki Kashmakash.
- · Qalami Khakey.
- Figh Al-Agalliyaat.
- Islami Tehzeeb ke Abaad.
- · Maulana Abul Kalam Azad aur Mutaalaye Mazaahib.
- Ahde Nabwi mein Ikhtelaaf, Jehaat aur Nawaeatein.
- · Tabsarey aur Tanqeedein.
- Vistas of Illumination (Selected articles from the IOS Minaret).
- · Muslim Women and Global Challenges.
- · Theories of Hiphoticity and Psychophotis.
- Black America: The Islamic Experience.
- Development and Islam: Islamic Perspectives on Economic Development





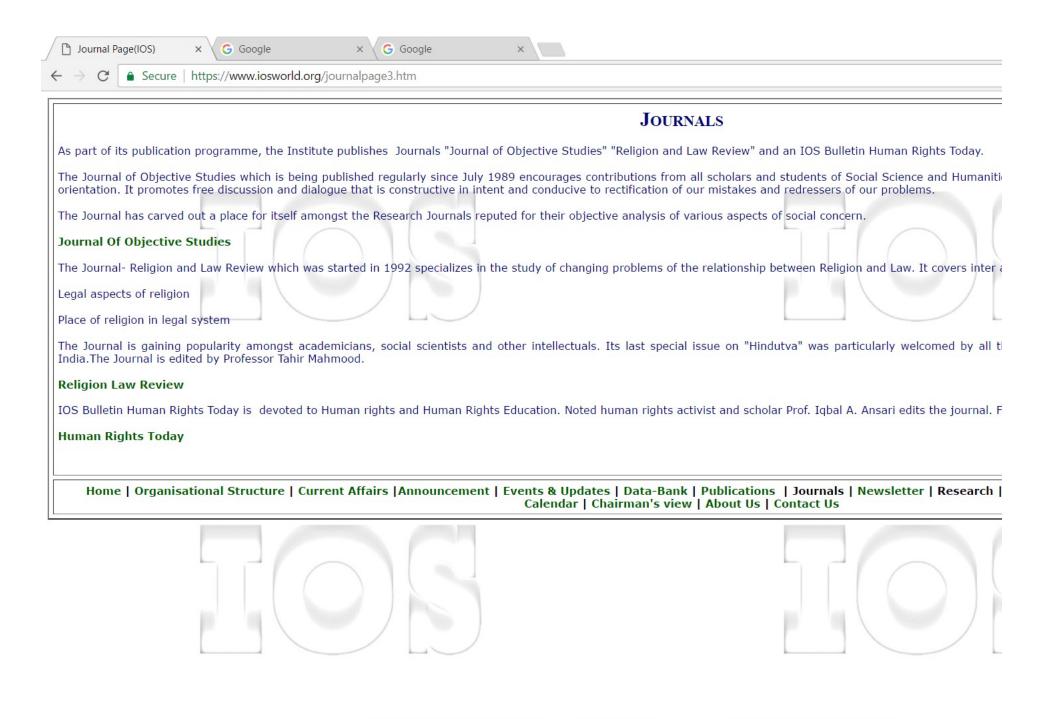






















Major Achievements

- 1. Marked credibility in few select areas namely achieving steady progress in bringing together a galaxy of social scientists, policy planners and social workers. It has tried to foster healthy inter-community linkages among various sections of society.
- 2. Studies in areas of Dalits, OBCs etc. are conducted even through collaboration with other NGOs working in concerned areas. Thirdly, it has struggled hard to save and augment secular, democratic and constitutional values of Indian legal, civilisational and cultural base line. It has tirelessly worked in all odds at all levels in past years.
- 3. The achievements, programmes and performance have caused a substantial rise in expectancy level of all concerned. It enjoys legal status and permission to conduct its affairs in terms of exemption in I ncome tax to donors, permission under FCRA (Foreign Contribution (Regulation) Act) etc.

It also enjoys recognition from the Economic and Social Council (ECOSOC) of the UN.

The Institute has it's headquarter in New Delhi along with its five chapters at Aligarh, Chennai, Calicut, Kolkata and Patna.

Around 370 projects, reports and translations of important books have been published and approximately 23 others are due for completion shortly.

The Institute has become a trendsetter in the fields of conceptual and investigative research on the Quranic approach to human problems and the problems of Muslims in India.

Various survey projects focused on the problems of Muslims are fulfilling a long felt need for statistical information and analysis in different areas. Publications Programme

Digital Institutional Repository

Though all the publications of IOS are available in its well-stocked library in physical format, yet it would be desirable to increase the reach and impact of these high value research publications by making them accessible online globally.

An Institutional Repository is an online locus for collecting, preserving, and disseminating — in digital form — the intellectual output of an institution, particularly a research institution.

- 1. Provide a single point of access to over 350 digital publications, from the first publication in 1984 to the most recent in a 24x7 environment.
- 2. To provide access to the geographically dispersed chapters of IOS and fulfill their information requirements remotely.
- 3. Increase the **visibility and impact** in a consistent manner, of all the work produced.

- 1. Ensure continuous and safe preservation of IOS's intellectual property in a long term and in digital format.
- 2. To collect content in a single location;
- 3. To provide open access to institutional research output to the partnering and collaborating bodies/institutions/ Universities globally.

Scope of IOS's Digital Repository

- Books
- •Journals
- Reports
- Research Publications
- •Lectures
- •Conference / Seminar Proceedings

Methodology:

The following methodology is proposed to be followed in the process of building Digital Repository of IOS.

- 1. To convert all print publications into Digital forms through high resolution scanners.
- 2. To classify these publications subject-wise and assign meta-data for the ease of search and browsing.
- 3. To host these publications into DSpace, a digital library software and make it accessible publicly through IOS server.



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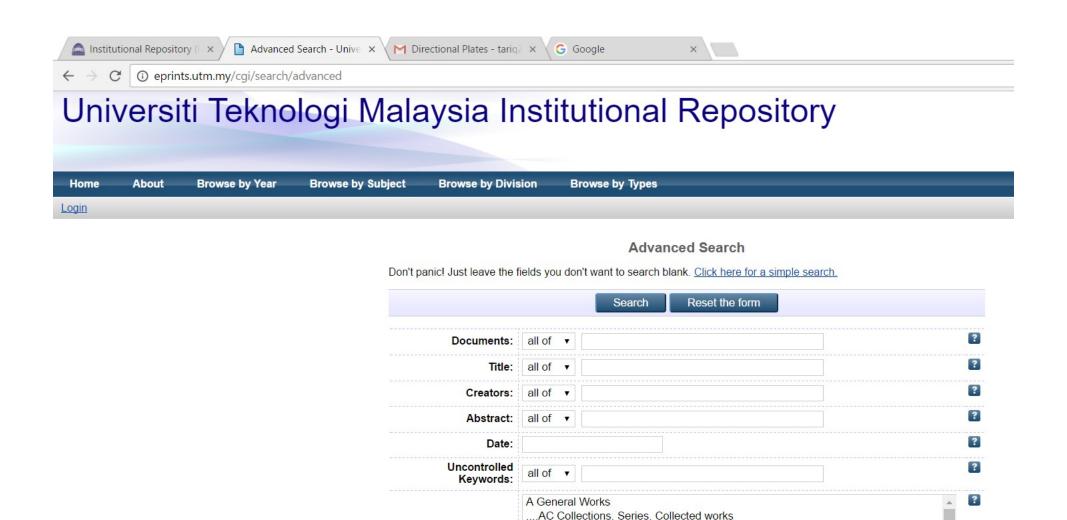


















Subjects:



Article

....BC Logic

....BF PsychologyBF637 Counseling

Any of these ▼



B Philosophy. Psychology. Religion

....Al Indexes (General)

....B Philosophy (General)

....BD Speculative Philosophy



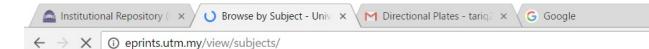


Composition

?

....AM Museums (General). Collectors and collecting (General)

....AS Academies and learned societies (General)AZ History of Scholarship The Humanities



Universiti Teknologi Malaysia Institutional Repository

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 - AS Academies and learned societies (General) (28)
 - AZ History of Scholarship The Humanities (1)
 - B Philosophy, Psychology, Religion (511)
 - B Philosophy (General) (6)
 - BD Speculative Philosophy (1)
 - BF Psychology (87)
 - BF637 Counseling (6)
 - BH Aesthetics (1)
 - BJ Ethics (36)

 - BL Religion (77)
 - BP Islam. Bahaism. Theosophy, etc (328)
 - BT Doctrinal Theology (23)
 - BV Practical Theology (147)
 - BV1460 Religious Education (127)
 - C Auxiliary Sciences of History (7)
 - C Auxiliary sciences of history (General) (1)
 - CB History of civilization (4)
 - CC Archaeology (1)
 - CS Genealogy (1)
 - D History General and Old World (30)
 - D History (General) (21)
 - D111 Medieval History (4)
 - D204 Modern History (3)
 - D839 Post-war History, 1945 on (1)
 - DS Asia (11)
 - DT Africa (1)
 - G Geography. Anthropology. Recreation (1059)
 - G Geography (General) (428)
 - G109.5 Global Positioning System (9)
 - G154.9-155.8 Travel and state. Tourism (35)
 - G70.212-70.215 Geographic information system (47)
 - G70.39-70.6 Remote sensing (41)









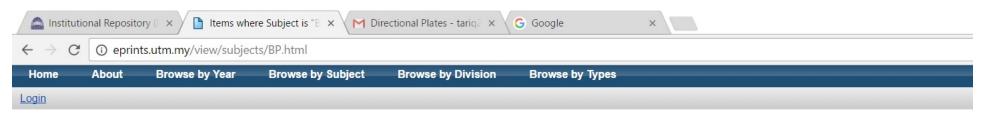




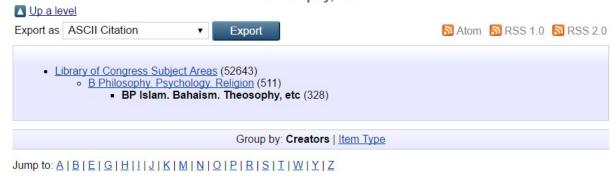








Items where Subject is "B Philosophy. Psychology. Religion > BP Islam. Bahaism. Theosophy. etc"



A

Number of items at this level: 328.

A. S. Elfarese, Samira (2014) Al-Sunnah Al-Nabawiyyah Wa-Dauruha Al-Ihkamiyyah fi istinbat Al-Ahkam Al-Shar'IYYAH. Masters thesis, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Faculty of Islamic Civilization.

Abd. Rahman, Suhaimi (2013) Faktor sosial dalam pembentukan akhlak pelajar sekolah menengah. In: Seminar Pertama Pendidikan dan Penyelidikan Islam [SePPIM'13], 17-18 September 2013, The Main Hall, Faculty of Islamic Cilization.

Abdul Rahman, Ismail (2013) <u>Islamic cost of capital: profit measurements and investment decisions from authentic sources.</u>
In: 4th International Conference on Business and Economic Research.

Abdul Talib, Hayati @ Habibah and Mohd Ali, Khairul Anuar and Jamaludin, Khairur Rijal (2008) Quality assurance in halal food manufacturing in Malaysia: a preliminary study. In: International Conference on Mechanical & Manufacturing Engineering (ICME2008), 21â€[±] 23 May 2008, Johor Bahru.

Abdullah, Syahrul Faizaz and Othman, Azizah and Ismail, Solahuddin (2006) <u>Kefahaman tentang konsep asas dakwah islamiah dan metodologi dakwah islamiah di kalangan pelajar-pelajar Institut Agama Islam Kedah (INSANIAH).</u> In: National Student Development Conference (NASDEC) 2006, 8-9 August 2006, Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia. (Submitted)

Abdullah, Abdul Hafiz (2007) Cabaran dan halatuju huffaz : satu kajian di Marsah, Johor Bahru, Johor. In: Seminar Tahfiz, 2007.

Abdullah, Abdul Hafiz (2015) <u>Hala tuju huffaz profesional: tinjauan pandangan huffaz darul quran JAKIM dan Tekno Hafiz UTM Johor Bahru.</u> In: Persidangan Huffaz Profesional 2015, 18-19 April, 2015, Selangor, Malaysia.

Abdullah, Abdul Hafiz and Rosman, Arieff Salleh and Ilias, Mohd. Faeez and Abdullah, Murihah (2015) Pendidikan tahfiz di Malaysia: satu sorotan sejarah. In: Seminar International Conference on Education and Social Entrepreneurship 2015, 2015.





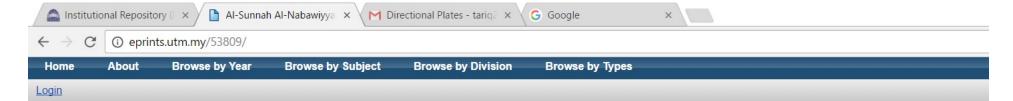












Al-Sunnah Al-Nabawiyyah Wa-Dauruha Al-Ihkamiyyah fi istinbat Al-Ahkam Al-Shar'IYYAH

A. S. Elfarese, Samira (2014) Al-Sunnah Al-Nabawiyyah Wa-Dauruha Al-Ihkamiyyah fi istinbat Al-Ahkam Al-Shar'lYYAH.

Masters thesis, Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, Faculty of Islamic Civilization.



Abstract

This research is entitled Sunnah and its role in devising the legal provisions. The significance of this research is that there is not much difference between the methodology Quran and Sunnah in terms of inference with them. Retrieving from Qur'an alone is not enough; hence it can be complemented with Sunnah as the prophetic verses are originally from the assets of Islamic law and cannot be dispensed with in any way. The aim of the research is to identify the Sunnah of the Prophet Muhammad, the types and importance. This is to rebut claims that the Quran is enough and there is no need for the Sunnah. This research aims to provide concrete facts and studies on God, divinity and oneness and its provisions recognizing and obedience, and attempt producing the best way to educate the Sunnah of the Islamic nation. The research consists of an introduction and three chapters. The objectives and past studies are also included. The research methodology adopted in this research is an analytical inductive approach for what has been mentioned on this subject in the literature of jurisprudence book that relies on relevant religious texts and discuss their implications. The researcher has pointed out that Muslims and their scholars are unanimously from the first generation up to the present day on the necessity of Sunnah. And they continued using it as avidence witout any doubt, Sunnah is one of the obligatory evidence in shariyyah that must be practiced if it's true, as well as the Quran.

Item Type:	Thesis (Masters)
	Thesis (Sarjana Falsafah) - Universiti Teknologi Malaysia, 2014; Supervisor : Assoc. Prof. Dr. Nurullah Kurt
Uncontrolled Keywords:	sunnah, shariyyah
Subjects:	B Philosophy. Psychology. Religion > BP Islam. Bahaism. Theosophy, etc
Divisions:	Islamic Civilisation

Resolving host...















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المقدمة

إن الحمد لله نحمده ونستعينه ونستهديه ، ونعوذ بالله من شرور أنفسنا وسيئات أعمالنا ، من يهده الله فلا مضل له، ومن يضلل فلا هادى له، وأشهد أن لا اله إلا الله وحده لا شريك له، وأشهد أن مُجَّدا عبده ورسوله_ صلى الله عليه وعلى آله وأصحابه ومن تبعهم بإحسان إلى يوم الدين وسلم تسليما كثيرا.

أما بعد فإن من المعلوم من الدين بالضرورة أن الله عز وجل وعد عباده المؤمنين بالنصر والتمكين إن هم قاموا بشرعه ونصروا دينه قال تعالى: ((إِنْ تَنْصُرُوا اللَّهَ يَنْصُرُكُمْ وَيُثَبِّتْ أَقْدَامَكُمْ)). وإن القيام بشرع الله ليعظم أمره، ويجل فضله في أوقات غربة الدين وتسلط أعدائه عليه .و لا يخفي على أحد ما يتعرض له دين الله تعالى في هذه السنوات الأخيرة من هجمة شرسة من أطراف متعددة داخلية وخارجية، الأمر الذي يستوجب من حملة المنهج الحق المبادرة الجادة، والعمل الدؤوب ؛ لصد هذه الهجمة على أعقابها ؛ إعلاء لكلمة الله واقتداء بهدى المرسلين وابراء للذمة. فقد يقال إنه من فضول القول أن يبحث اليوم في السنة النبوية وقد مضى على البحث فيها من عامة المسلمين أربعة عشر قرنا، فما فائدة هذا البحث؟ وهل يوجد في الدنيا مسلم واحد ينازع في السنة من حيث حجيتها ودورها في استنباط الاحكام الشرعية فيقول: (إن السنة ليست حجة)؟! أو بمعنى أوضح، هل يوجد من يقول: (إن أحاديث الرسول عليه لا يلزمنا العمل بها، وإنما يلزمنا العمل بالقرآن فقط)؟!

الحقيقة أن جماهير المسلمين وعلمائهم أجمعوا من الصدر الأول إلى يومنا هذا على وجوب



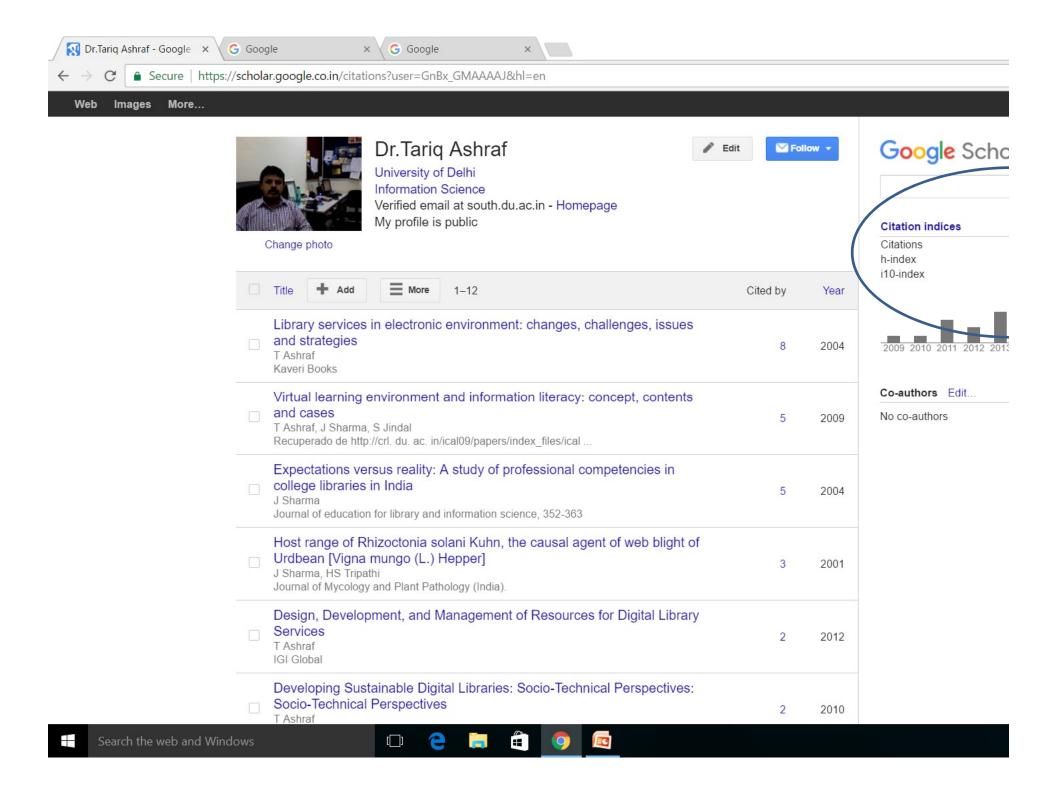




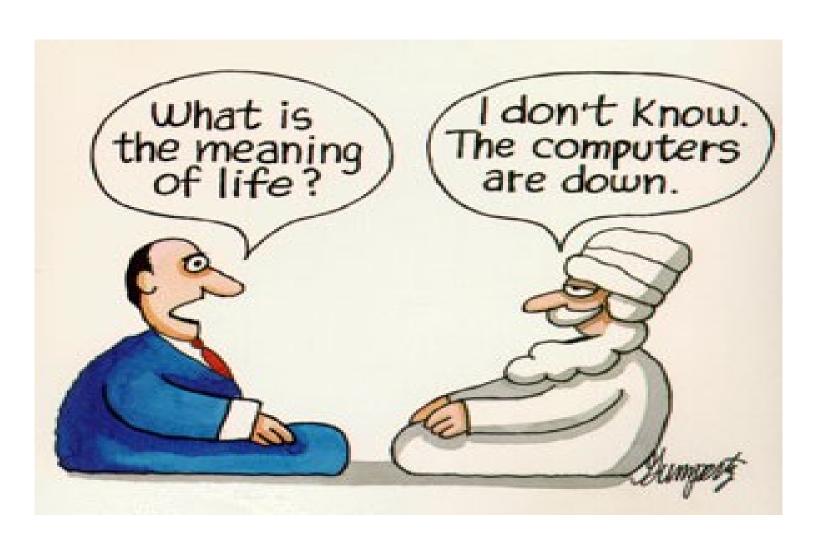




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What does it all mean?



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